

# Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 6656774929

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

0680/12

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

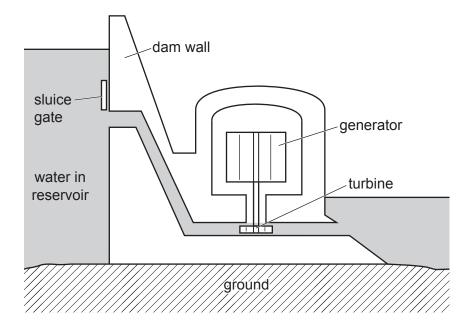
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# **Section A**

1 The diagram shows how electricity can be generated using hydroelectric power.



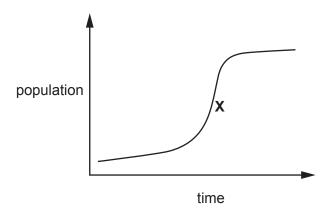
(a)	Use the diagram to explain how electricity is generated using a hydroelectric power station.
	[3]
(h)	State <b>one</b> impact of a hydroelectric power station on the environment.
(6)	Ctate One impact of a hydrociccule power station on the chivilatinent.
	[1]
(c)	Other than impact on the environment, suggest reasons why some countries do <b>not</b> have any
(-)	hydroelectric power stations.
	[2]

2 The photograph shows mesh tanks in the sea where fish are farmed.



(a)	Suggest the purpose of the mesh tanks shown in the photograph.
	[1]
(b)	Fish farming can help to reduce the number of wild fish caught.
	State <b>two</b> other strategies to reduce overfishing of wild fish.
	1
	2
	[2]
(c)	Suggest <b>two</b> negative effects of fish farming on the environment.
	1
	2
	[2]

3 The graph shows a typical population growth curve.

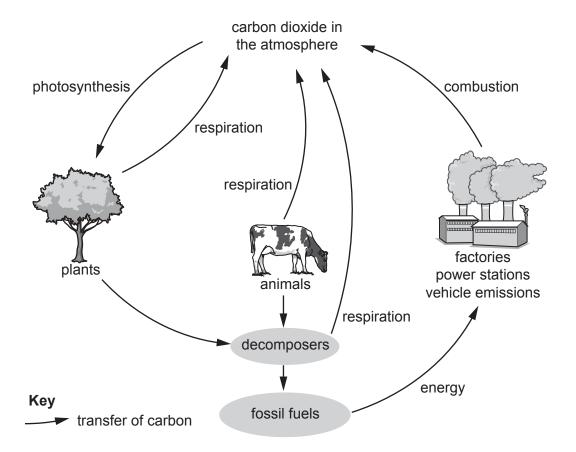


(a) Name the part of the population growth curve labelled X.

		[1]
(b)	Describe strategies for managing human population size.	
	[	3]

[Total: 4]

4 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



(a) Use the diagram to state **two** different processes that release carbon dioxide into the atmosphere.

1	
2	
	[2

(b) Plants use carbon dioxide in photosynthesis.

State where the energy for this process comes from.

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 L I	ч

(c) Carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas.

Name two other greenhouse gases.

1	 	 	 	 	 

2 .....

[Total: 5]

[2]

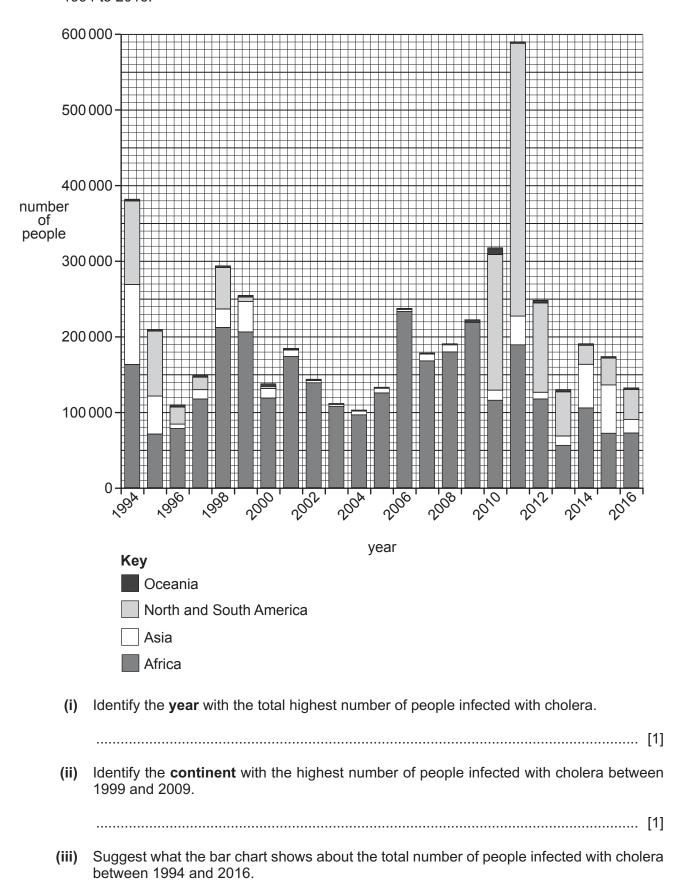
# Section B

5	(a)	Access to safe drinking water is different around the world.	
---	-----	--	--

(i)	Suggest reasons why fewer people have access to safe drinking water in Africa than in North America.
	[2]
(ii)	A well is one way for people to access fresh water.
	State <b>three</b> other sources of fresh water.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]

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**(b)** The bar chart shows the number of people infected with cholera in different continents from 1994 to 2016.



Suggest reasons why there can be an outbreak of cholera after a natural disaster.						
[2	2]					
[Total: 10	)]					

		ood chain in a forest ecosystem is shown.				
		tree $ ightarrow$ caterpillar $ ightarrow$ small bird $ ightarrow$ hawk				
	(i)	Explain what the arrow represents in this food chain.				
	(ii) Name the tertiary consumer in this food chain.					
			-			
	(iii)	Suggest what could happen to the number of caterpillars in this food chain if all th birds died.  Give a reason for your answer.	e sma			
		number of caterpillars				
		reason				
			[			
(b)	The	e fact sheet shows information about wetlands.	L			
(5)		Table short shows information about wellands.				
		Wetlands				
		Wetlands are important in many ways:				
		• Wetlands provide a habitat for a variety of different plants and animals.				
		XXX (1 1				
		<ul> <li>Wetlands control flooding by taking up water from tides and rivers.</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Wetlands control flooding by taking up water from tides and rivers.</li> <li>Wetlands act as filters, cleaning water and trapping toxins.</li> </ul>				
	(i)	<ul> <li>Wetlands act as filters, cleaning water and trapping toxins.</li> <li>Wetlands provide leisure facilities such as canoeing, fishing and</li> </ul>	sity.			
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	10				
(ii)	) Suggest how providing leisure facilities can help to conserve wetlands.				
		[1]			
(iii)	A development company wants to drain a we bigger.	tland in South America to make a local town			
	Four people discuss the proposed draining o	f the wetland.			
	A Town official				
	Draining the wetland will provide people with homes, shops and roads.	B Scientist			
	C Town resident	The wetland is an important habitat for several rare species of birds and frogs. If the wetland is drained, the species may become extinct.			
	The wetland should be drained because it is a breeding ground for mosquitoes that spread malaria.	D Environmental officer			
		If we drain the wetland, there will be a greater chance of flooding in the town.			

Do you think the wetland should be drained?
Support your view with reference to the comments made by the different people.
[7]
[Total: 13]

[Turn over

(a)	Marble and	d slate are metamorphic rocks.
(-)		he formation of metamorphic rocks.
(b)	The bar ch	nart shows the number of people employed in the coal mining industry in the Uto 2016.
		100 000
		90 000
		80 000
		70 000
		60 000
	number of	50 000
	people	40 000
		30 000
		20 000
		10 000
		2012 2013 2014 2015 2016
		year
		Key  number of people working underground in coal mining
		total number of people employed in coal mining
		plete the bar chart to show that the number of people working underground in og in 2015 was 40100.
		13, a total of 89900 people were employed in the coal mining industry in the U
		umber of people working underground in coal mining was 54500.
	Calcul	late the percentage of people working underground in coal mining in 2013.

..... % [1]

(i	ii)	Suggest reasons why the total number of people employed in the coal mining industry the USA decreased after 2013.	y ir
			[2
(c)	The	photograph shows part of an opencast coal mine.	
	Į		
	er de	TORIUS DE LEXITE DE	
	(i)	The coal mine provides employment for local people.	
		Describe <b>other</b> benefits a coal mine can have for local people.	
(	ii)	State <b>two</b> ways the land can be used after the coal mine closes.	Ĺ
`	,	1	

[2]

Some countries are burning less coal to reduce carbon dioxide emissions. These countries are using other energy resources such as nuclear, wind and solar power.
Suggest reasons why some countries continue to use coal as an energy resource.
[3]
[Total: 14]

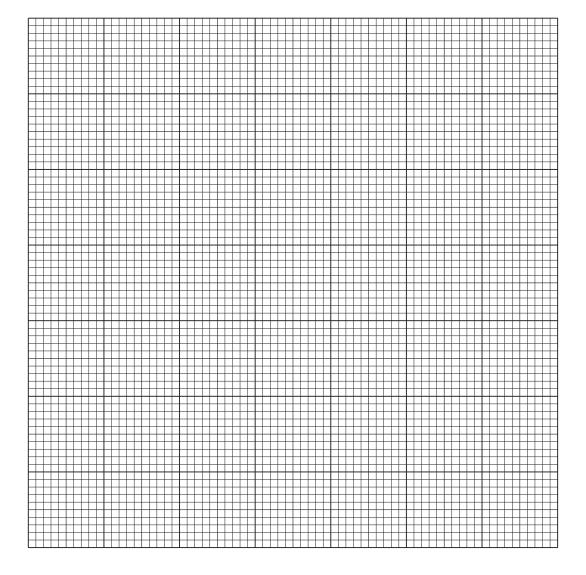
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8 A scientist investigates the effect of nitrogen fertiliser on the yield of corn plants.

The table shows the results.

mass of nitrogen fertiliser applied /kg per hectare	yield of corn /kg per hectare	increase in yield of corn /kg
0	814	0
10	1142	328
20	1305	
30	1393	579
40	1417	603
50	1441	627
60	1441	627

- (a) (i) Complete the table to calculate the increase in yield of corn when 20 kg per hectare of nitrogen fertiliser is applied compared to 0 kg per hectare. [1]
  - (ii) Plot, on the grid, a line graph of the **increase** in yield of corn against mass of nitrogen fertiliser applied.



	(iii)	Use the data to predict what will happen to the yield of corn if 70kg per hectare nitrogen fertiliser is applied.	
	(iv)	Suggest <b>two</b> environmental factors that can cause a change in the yield of corn.	
		1	
		2	
			 [2]
b)	Ove	eruse of fertilisers can cause river pollution.	
	Ехр	lain how fertilisers get into rivers.	
			[2]
c)	Cro	p yield can be increased by using genetically modified plants.	
	Exp	lain <b>two</b> ways genetically modified plants can increase yield.	
	1		
	2		
			 [2]
		[Total:	12]

**9** A student reads some information about flooding in Bangladesh.

# Flooding in Bangladesh

Bangladesh is a very low-lying country in Asia. Bangladesh has large rivers that split into many smaller rivers near the sea. These smaller rivers are surrounded by flood plains. Flood plains are areas of land that are covered by water when rivers overflow.

Every year, during the wet season, there is flooding. After flooding, a layer of nutrient-rich sediment is left on the land. This makes the soil very fertile.

In some years, the flooding in Bangladesh is very large-scale. In 1987, 57300 km<sup>2</sup> of land was flooded. In 1988, another big flood covered 82000 km<sup>2</sup> of land. The flood of 1998 covered 77700 km<sup>2</sup> of land. In 2004, about 70800 km<sup>2</sup> of land was flooded.

(a)	(i)	State the meaning of <i>flood plain</i> .
		[1]
	(ii)	Use the information about flooding in Bangladesh to give <b>one</b> reason why flood plains are important.
		[1]
(b)		sent the data from the information in a suitable table to show the area of land flooded in

[3]

(c) The student says,

**Small-scale** flooding is a good thing, even though it can cause damage.

To what extent do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.
[6]

[Total: 11]

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